

Treatment of endometriosis-associated pain in confirmed disease

Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs

A	Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAID) may be effective in reducing endometriosis-associated pain (Kauppila <i>et al.</i> , 1979; Ylikorkala and Viinikka, 1983; Kauppila and Ronnberg, 1985).	Evidence level 1b
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Hormonal treatment

A	Suppression of ovarian function for 6 months reduces endometriosis-associated pain. The hormonal drugs investigated—COC, danazol, gestrinone, medroxyprogesterone acetate and GnRH agonists—are equally effective but their side-effects and cost profiles differ (Moore <i>et al.</i> , 2004; Prentice <i>et al.</i> , 2004a,b; Selak <i>et al.</i> , 2004).	Evidence level 1a
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TABLA 4. Stephen Kennedy, Agneta Bergqvist, Charles Chapron. ESHRE guideline for the diagnosis and treatment of endometriosis. Human Reproduction Vol.20, No.10 pp. 2698–2704, 2005 doi:10.1093/humrep/dei135 Advance Access publication June 24, 2005.